PENNSYLVANIA
UNIFORMSUMMARY OF KEY
RESIDENTIAL ENERGY
CONSTRUCTION CODECONSTRUCTION CODECODE REQUIREMENTS

The 2015 IECC with Pennsylvania specific amendments went into effect on **October 1, 2018**. This document summarizes changes to the building envelope-related requirements in the updated code for Pennsylvania.

CODE CHANGE HIGHLIGHTS

- The Pennsylvania Housing Research Center offers an alternative compliance path of R-23 cavity only insulation in walls for climate zone 6. Visit: <u>https://www.phrc.psu.edu/assets/docs/</u>
 <u>Publications/2018 Pennsylvania Alternative Energy Provisions.pdf</u>
- Ducts buried in attic insulation (commonly known as buried ducts) are permitted with the adoption of Section R403.3.6 from the 2018 IECC.
- The ERI compliance path has introduced an envelope backstop. When using on-site renewable energy in the ERI analysis, the envelope must be equal to or greater than the levels of efficiency of the 2015 IECC.



BUILDING ENVELOPE REQUIREMENTS

	2015 IECC CODE SECTION		CHANGE SUMMARY				
CODE PAIH			CLIMATE Z	ONE 4	CLIMATE ZONE 5	CLIMATE ZONE 6	
Prescriptive	R402.1.2 – Wood Frame Wall		R-20 or R-13 + 5 ci		R-20 or R-13 + 5 ci	R-20 + 5 or R-13 + 5 ci	
	R402.1.2 - Ceilings		R-38		R-49	R-49	
	R402.1.2 – Basement Walls		R-13 or R-10 ci		R-19 or R-15 ci	R-19 or R-15 ci	
	R402.1.2 – Crawl Space Walls		R-13 or R-10 ci		R-19 or R-15 ci	R-19 or R-15 ci	
	R402.1.2 - Fenestration		U-0.35		U-0.32	U-0.32	
	DUCT LEA	(AGE		AIR LEAKAGE			
MEASUREMENT CFM25 /			100 SQ. FT.	SQ. FT. ALL CLIMATE ZONES			
Rough-in (installed air handler)			4				
Rough-in (air handler not installed)		3		5 ACH50			
Post-Construction		4					
TABLE R406.4 MAXIMUM ENERGY RATING INDEX (ERI)							
CLIMATE			ZONE MAXIMUM ERI				
		4			62 61 Note: All R-values are minimums and U-factors maximums.		
		5					
		6					

ACCESS THE PENNSYLVANIA AMENDMENTS TO THE 2015 IECC HERE:

www.pacodeandbulletin.gov/Display/pabull?file=/secure/pabulletin/data/vol48/48-39/1524.html

Insulation Institute

This summary is offered for informational purposes only. It does not purport to be an exhaustive analysis of code changes or provide advice that will ensure guaranteed compliance with any energy code provision. Please consult with local authorities before finalizing your installation plans.

ENERGY-EFFICIENT, COST-EFFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION WITH FIBERGLASS AND MINERAL WOOL INSULATION



As code levels advance, **keep informed about innovative practices** to meet or exceed code requirements using cost-effective fiberglass and mineral wool insulation.

The following resources in the table below are just a subset of the many guides available from the **Insulation Institute** to help you achieve new performance requirements with proven approaches.

INSULATION INSTITUTE RESOURCES

5 Priority Air Sealing Locations for New Homes	Air Leakage	As states adopt more stringent energy codes, some builders may experience challenges meeting new mandatory air leakage requirements. Fiberglass and mineral wool insulation is the low-cost solution for homebuilders to meet or surpass code air leakage rate requirements of 3 or 5 air changes per hour depending on climate zone. For homeowners an airtight building envelope results in energy savings and increased thermal comfort. https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/N090-5-Air-Sealing- Locations-for-New-Homes.pdf
Building Ducks: The newest way to uncover aways. The second secon	Ducts Buried Within Ceiling Insulation	Deeply buried ducts in attics is an easy way to lower energy code compliance costs for builders using the simulated energy performance path. Homeowners can benefit from energy savings realized from lower-capacity, lower-cost HVAC systems.
		https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/03/N087-Buried-Ducts-The- newest-way-to-uncover-savings.pdf
SIRADE I	Proper Installation of Insulation	Grade I installation delivers superior energy efficiency and is increasingly required by state energy codes. Insulation installation jobs that fail to meet Grade I criteria can mean construction delays due to callbacks, HERS rating penalties, and failed code inspections. Grade I installation is readily achievable by following basic guidelines as recommended by manufacturers. NAIMA offers free online training for installers. www.grade1insulation.org
Building Unvented Attic Assembles Using Floerglass and Mineral Wool	Unvented Attics Using Fiberglass and Mineral Wool Insulation	Unvented attics can be constructed by installing fiberglass or mineral wool insulation below the roof deck instead of using more costly materials like spray foam. In addition, fiberglass and mineral wool insulation products are green certified and do not carry recommended occupancy restrictions due to product off-gassing after installation. Starting with the 2018 IRC, this practice is outlined in detail within the code. Homeowners benefit from lower construction costs and the use of a safe product.
New Version of IRC Opens Path tor Proprietase and Mineral Wool		https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/ BuildingUnventedAtticAssemblies-N089.pdf

www.energycodes.gov/resource-center/training-courses/2015-iecc-%E2%80%93energy-rating-index-eri-compliance-alternative

Get the Facts for a Stronger Business

Learn more about fiberglass and mineral wool insulation at InsulationInstitute.org



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