IDAHO RESIDENTIAL CODE WITH AMENDMENTS

SUMMARY OF KEY RESIDENTIAL ENERGY CODE REQUIREMENTS

The 2018 IECC with Idaho-specific amendments was adopted in Idaho on **January 1, 2021**. This document summarizes changes to the building envelope-related requirements in the updated code for Idaho.

CODE CHANGE HIGHLIGHTS <---</p>

- Table R402.6 outlines specific log home prescriptive requirements. There are requirements for Climate Zones 5 and 6, along with requirements for dwellings using high-efficiency equipment.
- Beginning on July 1, 2021, a minimum of 20% of each builder's thermal envelope must comply with section R402.1.4.2 (testing). The authority having jurisdiction may require every 5th house built by the same builder be tested. If a builder has proven to consistently meet the targeted air leakage, then the authority having jurisdiction may waive the testing requirement.
- When the Energy Rating Index is being used for code compliance, and when using on-site renewable energy, the levels of efficiency must meet or exceed those in the 2015 IECC.



► BUILDING ENVELOPE AND DUCT REQUIREMENTS ◄

| CODE PATH | | CHANGE SUMMARY | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | 2018 IECC CODE SECTI | ON CLIMA | CLIMATE ZONE 5 | | CLIMATE ZONE 6 | |
| Prescriptive | R402.1.1 – Wood Frame Wal | I R-20 or R-13+5 ci | R-20 or R-13+5 ci / U-0.060 | | R-22 or R-13+5 ci / U-0.057 | |
| | R402.1.1 - Ceilings | R-38 / U-0.030 | R-38 / U-0.030 | | R-49 / U-0.026 | |
| | R402.1.1 – Basement Walls | R-19 or R-15 ci / l | R-19 or R-15 ci / U-0.050 | | R-19 or R-15 ci / U-0.050 | |
| | R402.1.1 – Crawl Space Wal | Is R-19 or R-15 ci / l | R-19 or R-15 ci / U-0.055 | | R-19 or R-15 ci / U-0.050 | |
| | R402.1.1 – Fenestration | U-0.32 | | U-0.30 | | |
| | DUCT LEAKAGE | | DUCT R-VALUE | AIR LEAKAGE | | |
| MEASUREMENT CF | | CFM25 / 100 SQ. FT. | R-VALUE | CLIMATE ZONE | MEASUREMENT | |
| Rough-in (total leakage) | | 4 | R-8ª | 5&6 | 5 ACH50 | |
| Post-construction (leakage to the outside) | | 4 | | 580 | | |

TABLE R406.4 MAXIMUM ENERGY RATING INDEX (ERI)

| CLIMATE ZONE | MAXIMUM ERI |
|--------------|-------------|
| 5 & 6 | 68 |

a. In attics. R-6 in other portions of the building. R-6 and R-4.2 respectively for ducts <3 inches.

MORE INFORMATION ON THE IDAHO ENERGY CODE CAN BE FOUND HERE:

https://adminrules.idaho.gov/rules/current/24/243930.pdf

Insulation Institute, KNOWLEDGE, LEADERSHIP, CONFIDENCE,

This summary is offered for informational purposes only. It does not purport to be an exhaustive analysis of code changes or provide advice that will ensure guaranteed compliance with any energy code provision. Please consult with local authorities before finalizing your installation plans.

ENERGY-EFFICIENT, COST-EFFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION WITH FIBERGLASS AND MINERAL WOOL INSULATION



As code levels advance, **keep informed about innovative practices** to meet or exceed code requirements using cost-effective fiberglass and mineral wool insulation.

The following resources in the table below are just a subset of the many guides available from the **Insulation Institute** to help you achieve new performance requirements with proven approaches.

INSULATION INSTITUTE RESOURCES

| 5 Priority Air Sealing Locations for New Homes | Air Leakage | As states adopt more stringent energy codes, some builders may experience challenges meeting new mandatory air leakage requirements. Fiberglass and mineral wool insulation is the low-cost solution for homebuilders to meet or surpass code air leakage rate requirements of 3 or 5 air changes per hour depending on climate zone. For homeowners an airtight building envelope results in energy savings and increased thermal comfort. |
|--|---|---|
| Insulation Institute. | | https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/N090-5-Air-Sealing- Locations-for-New-Homes.pdf |
| Buffed Ducks: The newest way to uncrease savings. The same way the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the | Ducts Buried Within Ceiling Insulation | Deeply buried ducts in attics is an easy way to lower energy code compliance costs for builders using the simulated energy performance path. Homeowners can benefit from energy savings realized from lower-capacity, lower-cost HVAC systems. |
| And a strategy for particular sector of the strategy for particular se | | https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/03/N087-Buried-Ducts-The- newest-way-to-uncover-savings.pdf |
| BADE I | Proper Installation of Insulation | Grade I installation delivers superior energy efficiency and is increasingly required by state energy codes. Insulation installation jobs that fail to meet Grade I criteria can mean construction delays due to callbacks, HERS rating penalties, and failed code inspections. Grade I installation is readily achievable by following basic guidelines as recommended by manufacturers. NAIMA offers free online training for installers. www.grade1insulation.org |
| Mutania temperatura Building Universited Attic Assembles Building Eberglass and Mineral Wool | Unvented Attics Using Fiberglass and Mineral Wool Insulation | Unvented attics can be constructed by installing fiberglass or mineral wool insulation below the roof deck instead of using more costly materials like spray foam. In addition, fiberglass and mineral wool insulation products are green certified and do not carry recommended occupancy restrictions due to product off-gassing after installation. Starting with the 2018 IRC, this practice is outlined in detail within the code. Homeowners benefit from lower construction costs and the use of a safe product. https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/ BuildingUnventedAtticAssemblies-N089.pdf |

https://www.energycodes.gov/technical-assistance/training/courses/ 2015-iecc-energy-rating-index-eri-compliance-alternative

Get the Facts for a Stronger Business

Learn more about fiberglass and mineral wool insulation at InsulationInstitute.org

NAIMA NORTH AMERICAN INSULATION

2013 Olde Regent Way • Suite 150, Box 120 • Leland, NC 28451 InsulationInstitute.org • 703.684.0084