2020 INDIANA RESIDENTIAL CODE

SUMMARY OF KEY RESIDENTIAL ENERGY CODE REQUIREMENTS

The 2020 Indiana Residential Code, based on the 2018 IRC, was adopted and became effective on **December 26, 2019**. This document summarizes the building envelope-related requirements in the updated code for Indiana.

CODE CHANGE HIGHLIGHTS

- Though a reduction in R-value from R-20 as published in the 2018 IECC, Indiana amended their existing energy code from R-13 to R-15 for climate zone 4.
- Blower door tests are not required as visual inspection in accordance with Table N1102.4.1.1 is allowed.
- Buried ducts are allowed per N1103.3.6 (R403.3.6).



BUILDING ENVELOPE AND DUCT REQUIREMENTS

				CHANGE SUMMARY		
CODE PATH	2018 IECC CODE SECTION		CLIMATE ZONE 4		CLIMATE ZONE 5	
	R402.1.2 – Wood Frame Wall		R-15 / U-0.082		R-20 or R-13 + 5 / U-0.067	
Prescriptive	R402.1.2 - Ceilings		R-38 / U-0.030		R-38 / U-0.030	
	R402.1.2 – Basement Walls		R-13 or R-10 ci / U-0.059		R-13 or R-10 ci / U-0.059	
	R402.1.2 – Crawl Space Walls		R-13 or R-10 ci / U-0.065		R-13 or R-10 ci / U-0.065	
	R402.1.2 – Fenestration		U-0.35		U-0.35	
DUCT LEAKAGE				DUCT R-VALUE	AIR LEAKAGE (IF TESTED)	
MEASUREMENT C		CFM25	/ 100 SQ. FT.	R-VALUE	ALL CLIMATE ZONES	
Rough-in (installed air handler)			4			
Rough-in (air handler not installed)			3	R-8ª	5 ACH50	
Post-construction (leakage to the outside)			4			

TABLE R406.4 MAXIMUM ENERGY RATING INDEX (ERI)

CLIMATE ZONE	MAXIMUM ERI
4	62
5	61

a. In attics. R-6 in other portions of the building. R-6 and R-4.2 respectively for ducts <3 inches.

MORE INFORMATION ON THE INDIANA ENERGY CODE CAN BE FOUND HERE:

https://codes.iccsafe.org/content/INRC2020P2/chapter-11-re-energy-efficiency

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This summary is offered for informational purposes only. It does not purport to be an exhaustive analysis of code changes or provide advice that will ensure guaranteed compliance with any energy code provision. Please consult with local authorities before finalizing your installation plans.

ENERGY-EFFICIENT, COST-EFFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION WITH FIBERGLASS AND MINERAL WOOL INSULATION



As code levels advance, **keep informed about innovative practices** to meet or exceed code requirements using cost-effective fiberglass and mineral wool insulation.

The following resources in the table below are just a subset of the many guides available from the **Insulation Institute** to help you achieve new performance requirements with proven approaches.

INSULATION INSTITUTE RESOURCES

5 Priority Air Sealing Locations for New Homes	Air Leakage	As states adopt more stringent energy codes, some builders may experience challenges meeting new mandatory air leakage requirements. Fiberglass and mineral wool insulation is the low-cost solution for homebuilders to meet or surpass code air leakage rate requirements of 3 or 5 air changes per hour depending on climate zone. For homeowners an airtight building envelope results in energy savings and increased thermal comfort.
Insulation Institute.		https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/N090-5-Air-Sealing- Locations-for-New-Homes.pdf
Buffed Ducks: The newest way to uncrease savings. The same way the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same of the same and the	Ducts Buried Within Ceiling Insulation	Deeply buried ducts in attics is an easy way to lower energy code compliance costs for builders using the simulated energy performance path. Homeowners can benefit from energy savings realized from lower-capacity, lower-cost HVAC systems.
And a strategy for particular sector of the strategy for particular se		https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/03/N087-Buried-Ducts-The- newest-way-to-uncover-savings.pdf
BADE I	Proper Installation of Insulation	Grade I installation delivers superior energy efficiency and is increasingly required by state energy codes. Insulation installation jobs that fail to meet Grade I criteria can mean construction delays due to callbacks, HERS rating penalties, and failed code inspections. Grade I installation is readily achievable by following basic guidelines as recommended by manufacturers. NAIMA offers free online training for installers. www.grade1insulation.org
Mutania temperatura Building Universited Attic Assembles Building Eberglass and Mineral Wool	Unvented Attics Using Fiberglass and Mineral Wool Insulation	Unvented attics can be constructed by installing fiberglass or mineral wool insulation below the roof deck instead of using more costly materials like spray foam. In addition, fiberglass and mineral wool insulation products are green certified and do not carry recommended occupancy restrictions due to product off-gassing after installation. Starting with the 2018 IRC, this practice is outlined in detail within the code. Homeowners benefit from lower construction costs and the use of a safe product. https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/ BuildingUnventedAtticAssemblies-N089.pdf

https://www.energycodes.gov/technical-assistance/training/courses/ 2015-iecc-energy-rating-index-eri-compliance-alternative

Get the Facts for a Stronger Business

Learn more about fiberglass and mineral wool insulation at InsulationInstitute.org

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2013 Olde Regent Way • Suite 150, Box 120 • Leland, NC 28451 InsulationInstitute.org • 703.684.0084