## RHODE ISLAND ENERGY CONSERVATION CODE



# SUMMARY OF KEY RESIDENTIAL ENERGY CODE REQUIREMENTS

The 2018 IECC was adopted with amendments in Rhode Island and went into effect on **February 1, 2022**. This document summarizes changes to the building envelope-related requirements in the updated code for Rhode Island.

# CODE CHANGE HIGHLIGHTS

- Ceiling insulation was increased from R-38 to R-49 with the update to the 2018 IECC.
- Ducts buried in ceiling insulation is now an option per R403.3.6.
- Rhode Island compliance methods include the Rhode Island Energy Conservation Code SBC-8-2019, meeting the requirements of Chapter 4, or compliance submission of REScheck for Climate Zone 5 and Rhode Island Energy Conservation Code Provisions.



## BUILDING ENVELOPE AND DUCT REQUIREMENTS

	0010 15	2018 IECC CODE SECTION		CHANGE SUMMARY	
CODE PATH	2018 IE			CLIMATE ZONE 5	
	R402.1.2 – Wo	R402.1.2 – Wood Frame Wall		R-20 or R-13 + 5 ci / U-0.060	
	R402.1.2 – Cei	R402.1.2 – Ceilings		R-49 / U-0.026	
Prescriptive	R402.1.2 – Bas	R402.1.2 - Basement		R-19 or R-15 ci / U-0.050	
	R402.1.2 - Cra	R402.1.2 – Crawl Space Walls		R-19 or R-15 ci / U-0.055	
	R402.1.2 – Fer	R402.1.2 – Fenestration		U-0.30	
DUCT LEAKAGE		DUCT R-VALUE	AIR LEAKAGE		
MEASUREMENT	CFM25 / 100 SQ. FT.	<b>R-VALUE</b>	CLIMATE ZONE	MEASUREMENT	
Rough-in (installed air handler)	4	R-8ª	5	5 ACH50	
Rough-in (air handler not installed)	3				
Post-construction	4				

a. In attics. R-6 in other portions of the building. R-6 and R-4.2 respectively for ducts <3 inches.

#### MORE INFORMATION ON THE RHODE ISLAND ENERGY PROVISIONS CAN BE FOUND HERE: https://rules.sos.ri.gov/regulations/part/510-00-00-8

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This summary is offered for informational purposes only. It does not purport to be an exhaustive analysis of code changes or provide advice that will ensure guaranteed compliance with any energy code provision. Please consult with local authorities before finalizing your installation plans.

# ENERGY-EFFICIENT, COST-EFFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION WITH FIBERGLASS AND MINERAL WOOL INSULATION



As code levels advance, **keep informed about innovative practices** to meet or exceed code requirements using cost-effective fiberglass and mineral wool insulation.

The following resources in the table below are just a subset of the many guides available from the **Insulation Institute** to help you achieve new performance requirements with proven approaches.

#### **INSULATION INSTITUTE RESOURCES**

5 Priority Air Sealing Locations for New Homes	Air Leakage	As states adopt more stringent energy codes, some builders may experience challenges meeting new mandatory air leakage requirements. Fiberglass and mineral wool insulation is the low-cost solution for homebuilders to meet or surpass code air leakage rate requirements of 3 or 5 air changes per hour depending on climate zone. For homeowners, an airtight building envelope results in energy savings and increased thermal comfort.
Insulation Institute.		https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/N090-5-Air-Sealing- Locations-for-New-Homes.pdf
	Ducts Buried Within Ceiling Insulation	Deeply buried ducts in attics is an easy way to lower energy code compliance costs for builders using the simulated energy performance path. Homeowners can benefit from energy savings realized from lower-capacity, lower-cost HVAC systems.
		https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/03/N087-Buried-Ducts-The- newest-way-to-uncover-savings.pdf
	Proper Installation of Insulation	Grade I installation delivers superior energy efficiency and is increasingly required by state energy codes. Insulation installation jobs that fail to meet Grade I criteria can mean construction delays due to callbacks, HERS rating penalties, and failed code inspections. Grade I installation is readily achievable by following basic guidelines as recommended by manufacturers. NAIMA offers free online training for installers. www.grade1insulation.org
	Unvented Attics Using Fiberglass and Mineral Wool Insulation	Unvented attics can be constructed by installing fiberglass or mineral wool insulation below the roof deck instead of using more costly materials like spray foam. In addition, fiberglass and mineral wool insulation products are green certified and do not carry recommended occupancy restrictions due to product off-gassing after installation. Starting with the 2018 IRC, this practice is outlined in detail within the code. Homeowners benefit from lower construction costs and the use of a safe product. https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/ BuildingUnventedAtticAssemblies-N089.pdf
And an and and	LEARN MOR	RE ABOUT THE ERI COMPLIANCE PATH HERE:

https://www.energycodes.gov/technical-assistance/training/courses/ 2015-iecc-energy-rating-index-eri-compliance-alternative

### Get the Facts for a Stronger Business

Learn more about fiberglass and mineral wool insulation at InsulationInstitute.org

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