## SIOUX FALLS, South Dakota

## SUMMARY OF KEY RESIDENTIAL ENERGY CODE REQUIREMENTS

**South Dakota is one of eight states that does not have a Statewide building code. The 2021 IRC was adopted in Sioux Falls, South Dakota effective January 1, 2022. This document summarizes changes to the building enveloperelated requirements in the updated code for Sioux Falls.** 

### CODE CHANGE HIGHLIGHTS

- South Dakota Codified Law 11-10-10 requires a Builder's Efficiency Disclosure Statement.
- The additional energy efficiency section 1101.13.5 is not required.
- Blower door and duct leakage testing requirements have been deleted.
- Prescriptive insulation levels reduced to 2009 IECC levels throughout except for fenestration which is slightly more stringent.



CODE PATH	2021 IRC CODE SECTION		SIOUX FALLS		
Prescriptive	N1102.1.3 – Wood Frame Wall		R-20 or R-13+5 ci / U-0.057		
	N1102.1.3 – Ceilings		R-49 / U-0.026		
	N1102.1.3 – Basements		R-13 or R-10 ci / U-0.050		
	N1102.1.3 – Crawl Space Walls		R-13 or R-10 ci / U-0.065		
	N1102.1.3 – Fenestration		U-0.32		
DUCT LEAKAGE (TEST NOT REQUIRED) AIR LI			AKAGE (TEST NOT REQUIRED)		
MEASUREMENT	CFM25 / 100 SQ. FT.	CLIMATE ZONE		MEASUREMENT	
Rough-in (installed air handler)	4				
Rough-in (air handler not installed)	3	6		3ACH50	
Post-construction	4				
TABLE N1106.5 MAXIMUM ENERGY RATING INDEX (ERI)					
CLIMATE ZONE MAXIMUM ERI Note: All R-va					
	6	54		are minimums and U-factors maximums.	

MORE INFORMATION ON THE SIOUX FALLS ENERGY CODE CAN BE FOUND HERE:

https://www.siouxfalls.org/planning-dev/building/building

Insulation Institute

This summary is offered for informational purposes only. It does not purport to be an exhaustive analysis of code changes or provide advice that will ensure guaranteed compliance with any energy code provision. Please consult with local authorities before finalizing your installation plans.



# ENERGY-EFFICIENT, COST-EFFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION WITH FIBERGLASS AND MINERAL WOOL INSULATION



As code levels advance, **keep informed about innovative practices** to meet or exceed code requirements using cost-effective fiberglass and mineral wool insulation.

The following resources in the table below are just a subset of the many guides available from the **Insulation Institute** to help you achieve new performance requirements with proven approaches.

#### **INSULATION INSTITUTE RESOURCES**

Air Leakage	As states adopt more stringent energy codes, some builders may experience challenges meeting new mandatory air leakage requirements. Fiberglass and mineral wool insulation is the low-cost solution for homebuilders to meet or surpass code air leakage rate requirements of 3 or 5 air changes per hour depending on climate zone. For homeowners an airtight building envelope results in energy savings and increased thermal comfort.
Involution Institute	https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/N090-5-Air-Sealing- Locations-for-New-Homes.pdf
Ducts Buried Within Ceiling	Deeply buried ducts in attics is an easy way to lower energy code compliance costs for builders using the simulated energy performance path. Homeowners can benefit from energy savings realized from lower-capacity, lower-cost HVAC systems.
Insulation	https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/03/N087-Buried-Ducts-The- newest-way-to-uncover-savings.pdf
Proper Installation of Insulation	Grade I installation delivers superior energy efficiency and is increasingly required by state energy codes. Insulation installation jobs that fail to meet Grade I criteria can mean construction delays due to callbacks, HERS rating penalties, and failed code inspections. Grade I installation is readily achievable by following basic guidelines as recommended by manufacturers. NAIMA offers free online training for installers. www.grade1insulation.org
Unvented Attics Using Fiberglass and Mineral Wool Insulation	Unvented attics can be constructed by installing fiberglass or mineral wool insulation below the roof deck instead of using more costly materials like spray foam. In addition, fiberglass and mineral wool insulation products are green certified and do not carry recommended occupancy restrictions due to product off-gassing after installation. Starting with the 2018 IRC, this practice is outlined in detail within the code. Homeowners benefit from lower construction costs and the use of a safe product. https://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/ BuildingUnventedAtticAssemblies-N089.pdf
	Ducts Buried Within Ceiling Insulation Proper Installation of Insulation Unvented Attics Using Fiberglass and Mineral

https://www.energycodes.gov/technical-assistance/training/courses/ 2015-iecc-energy-rating-index-eri-compliance-alternative

### Get the Facts for a Stronger Business

Learn more about fiberglass and mineral wool insulation at InsulationInstitute.org

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